# Planning of Factories and Production Processes PRE5323 

Final May 2013, $3^{\text {rd Year at Production Engineering and Mechanical Design Department. }}$ Please solve the next problems. Time: 3 hrs . Total marks:110.

1-[40 marks]-Consider the problem data below to compare two aggregate production plans-level aggregate plan and chase aggregate plan.

| Capacity Data | Cost Data |  |  | Demand (units) |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Beginning workforce (employees) | 18 | Regular-time cost/hour | $\$ 15.0$ | November | 3000 |
| Beginning inventory (units) | 2500 | Overtime cost/hour | $\$ 22.0$ | December | 6000 |
| Production standard/unit (hours) | 0.64 | Hiring cost/employee | $\$ 500.0$ | January | 2000 |
| Regular-time available/period (hours) | 160 | Firing cost/employee | $\$ 750.0$ | February | 8500 |
| Overtime available/period (hours) | 20 | holding cost/unit/period | $\$ 5.0$ | March | 4000 |
|  |  | Shortage cost/unit/period | $\$ 7.5$ | April | 5500 |
|  |  | Material cost/unit | $\$ 30.0$ | May | 1500 |

2-[30 marks]-Sales schedule of a manufacturer over past 20 months is given below. (a) Develop a forecast for month 21 using the trend equation: $y=a^{(b+c / x)}$. (b) What is the efficiency of this trend?

| Month | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 23 | 156 | 330 | 482 | 1209 | 1756 | 2000 | 2512 | 2366 | 2942 | 2872 | 2937 | 3136 | 3241 | 3149 | 3524 | 3542 | 3312 | 3547 | 3376 |

3-[20 marks]-The time to failure of a pump is a uniformly distributed random variable within the time interval [ $0,5,000$ ] operating hrs. This pump costs $\$ 2,000$ for purchase, $\$ 200$ for installation and $\$ 800$ due to the consequences of each failure. Find the minimum maintenance cost based on the constant interval replacement model.

4-[20 marks]-Computronics is a manufacturer of calculators, currently producing 300 units per week. One component for every calculator is an LCD, which the company purchases from a supplier for $\$ 1$ per LCD. The placement of each order is estimated to require 1 hour of clerical time, with a direct cost of $\$ 15 \mathrm{pe}_{\perp}$ hour plus overhead costs of another $\$ 5$ per hour. A rough estimate has been made that the annual cost of capital tied up in Computronics' inventory is 15 percent of the value of the inventory. Other costs associated with storing and protecting the LCDs in inventory amount to $\$ 0.05$ per LCD per year. What should be the optimal ordering policy and how much it does cost?

My best wishes...Prof. Dr. Hassan Soltan
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