Menoufiya University<br>Faculty of Engineering<br>Shebin EI-Kom<br>Second Semester Examination<br>Academic Year: 2013-2014<br><br>Year: Post Graduate<br>Department: Hydraulics<br>Subject: Non-Newtonian Fluids<br>Time Allowed: 3 hours<br>Date: 17.06.2014

## Allowed Tables and Charts: None

(a) What are the main classifications of fluid behavior? Show different examples of NonNewtonian fluids and plot the main flow curves indicating the various types of timedependent fluids.
(10 Marks)
(b) Derive the velocity profile and the volume flow rate and walls shear stress of Bingham plastics-flow between two parallel plates for the following conditions:
(I) Fixed plates
(15 Marks)
(II) Moving the upper plate with velocity $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{w}}$ and fixing the lower one
(15 Marks)
(c) For Bingham plastics flow in a circular pipe, derive the Buckingham's equation and how to reduce it to Newtonian fluids.
(10 Marks)
Ouestion (2)
(50 Marks)
(a) Develop expressions for the boundary layer thickness $\delta$, the wall shear stress $\tau_{w}$, the total frictional drag force $F_{d i}$ and the drag coefficient $C_{d f}$ for laminar boundary layer flow of power law fluids over a flat plate with zero pressure gradient flow, assuming the velocity profile in the boundary layer to be given by:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{u}{U_{x}}=A+B\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)-C\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right)^{z} \tag{25Marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

(b) Compare the previous results obtained in (a) if the velocity profile is expressed as:

$$
\frac{u}{U_{x}}=C \sin \left(D \frac{y}{\delta}\right)
$$

(25 Marks)
Best wishes
Assoc. Prof. Dr. Eng. Wageeh El-Askary

## The following relations may be used:

x-Momentum:
$\rho\left[\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}+u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}+v \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}+w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}\right]=-\frac{\partial p}{\partial x}-\left(\frac{\partial \tau_{y x}}{\partial x}+\frac{\partial \tau_{\partial x}}{\partial y}+\frac{\partial \tau_{x}}{\partial z}\right)+\rho g_{x}$

## z-Momentum (cylindrical coordinates)

$\rho\left[\frac{\partial v_{n}}{\partial t}+v_{r} \frac{\partial v_{n}}{\partial r}+\frac{v_{0}}{r} \frac{\partial v_{s}}{\partial \theta}+v_{z} \frac{\partial v_{r}}{\partial z}\right]=-\frac{\partial p}{\partial z}-\left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial r r_{r v}}{\partial r}+\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial r_{v_{s}}}{\partial \theta}+\frac{\partial r_{r}}{\partial z}\right)+\rho g z$

