## D. Gastroschisis

81- Appropriate management of a neonate born with congenital diaphragmatic hernia (CDH) should include
A. Insertion of an orogastric or nasogastric tube
B. Expansion of the hypoplastic lung with positive-pressure ventilation
C. Hyperventilation to keep the PaCO 2 below 40 and the pH greater than 7.40
D. Rapid transport to the OR for surgical correction

82- Select the TRUE statement regarding complex regional pain syndrome (CRPS) in children
A. More common in males than females
B. Upper extremity is more frequently involved than the lower extremity
C. Best treated with sympathetic blocks
D. Often associated with depression and anxiety

83- What percentage of all pregnancies is affected by hypertension?
A. $3 \%-5 \%$
B. $7 \%-10 \%$
C. $15 \%$
D. $20 \%$

84- Which of the following statements regarding a pregnant patient abusing cocaine is FALSE?
A. Hypertension, arrhythmias, myocardial ischemia, and tachycardia may occur with the rapid-sequence induction of general anesthesia in the acutely intoxicated patient B. The minimum alveolar concentration (MAC) for general anesthetics is increased in chronic cocaine addicts
C. Some states consider in utero drug exposure to be a form of child abuse and requir physicians to report these patients
D. If a vasopressor is needed to treat hypotension, phenylephrine is preferred over ephedrine

85-Factors associated with advanced molar pregnancy (i.e., > 14 to 16 -week size uterus) include all of the following EXCEPT
A. Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy
B. Hypothyroidism
C. Acute cardiopulmonary distress
D. Hyperemesis gravidarum

86-American Society of Regional Anesthesia (ASRA) guidelines for the treatment of local anesthetic systemic toxicity (LAST) for cardiac arrhythmias include the use of Intralipid and the AVOIDANCE of all of the following drugs EXCEPT
A. Vasopressin
B. $\beta$-Blockers
C. Calcium channel blockers
D. Low-dose epinephrine ( $<1 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{kg}$ )

87-Transient neurologic syndrome (TNS) is MOST commonly seen after the spinal anesthetic injection of which local anesthetic?

