Tanta University

Faculty of Medicine

Clinical Oncology Department

12/6/2021

### Time allowed: 2 Hours

## M.Sc. Exam 2<sup>nd</sup> Part Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine Radiation Technology & Isotopes

#### All Questions should be answered:

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1. In cranial irradiation, define the tolerances of Organ at Risk?

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- 2. As regard the techniques for implant therapy
- a. Explain four categories in techniques for implant therapy?
- b. Write about the safety of storage of the brachytherapy sources? 15
  - 3. What are the types of radiosurgery and its usage in clinical applications, and their side effects?
  - 4. Treatment gap can affect radiotherapy outcome explain this statement and describe strategies to deal with treatment gaps?

35

**Faculty of Medicine** 

## **Clinical Oncology Department**

17/5/2021

### Time allowed: 3 Hours

## M.Sc. Exam 2<sup>nd</sup> Part

### **Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine**

### 1<sup>st</sup> paper

### All Questions should be answered:

Marks

- 1- Dose fractionation radiotherapy schedules in head and neck carcinoma?
- 2- Different treatment modalities of brain metastases in favorable versus poor prognosis patients?25
- 3- Enumerate the main conditions to consider in the differential diagnosis of MM, and explain 3 of them? 25
- 4- What are the types and clinical pictures of mediastinal tumors? 25

**Faculty of Medicine** 

## **Clinical Oncology Department**

19/5/2021

### Time allowed: 3 Hours

### M.Sc. Exam 2<sup>nd</sup> Part

#### **Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine**

## 2<sup>nd</sup> paper

### All Questions should be answered:

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- 1- A 5 year old child is to receive craniospinal radiation therapy for a subtotally-resected medulloblastoma of the posterior fossa. There is no evidence of spread beyond the posterior fossa on MRI.
  - a) Describe a suitable technique for craniospinal radiation therapy. 10
  - b) Discuss the challenges in ensuring that the dose distribution is adequate for this treatment. Give examples of how the dose distribution may be optimised.
  - 2- Enumerate the most common side effect of pelvic radiotherapy and:-
    - a) Discuss one of the most common hematological and one of the nonhematological side effect and how to correct.
    - b) Describe technical methods to reduce the occurrence of the pelvic side effect of radiotherapy.
  - 3- Flare phenomen in hormone dependent cancer patient? 25
  - 4- What are the most negative prognostic and predictive biomarkers in a patient diagnosed with lung adenocarcinoma? And what are the recent advances in management?
    25

## **Faculty of Medicine**

## **Clinical Oncology Department**

29/5/2021

## **Time allowed: 90 minutes**

## M.Sc. Exam 2<sup>nd</sup> Part

## **Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine**

## **Optional Determinant**

## All Questions should be answered:

		Marks
1-	The rational of organ preservation in anal canal carcinoma?	25
2-	Concurrent chemo-radiotherapy in esophageal carcinoma?	25
	GOOD	LUCK

#### **Faculty of Medicine**

### **Clinical Oncology Department**

2/6/2021

### Time allowed: 3 Hours

#### M.Sc. Exam 2<sup>nd</sup> Part

## **Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine**

## **Radiation Technology& Isotopes**

### All Questions should be answered:

**Marks** 

- Dose constraints for organ at risk (OAR) in treating locally advanced pancreatic adenocarcinoma. Discuss in brief your treatment techniques?
- 2- Explain the role of radiopharmaceuticals agents in management of bone metastases?
- 3- Adjuvant radiotherapy delineation in locally advanced cancer vulva? 25
- 4- Indications and contraindications of radioactive I<sup>131</sup> in treatment of thyroid carcinoma and how to use it if indicated? 25

1/6/2021

### Time allowed: 2 Hours

#### M.Sc. Exam 2nd Part

### Clinical Oncology & Nuclear Medicine

### Radiation therapy

All Questions should be answered:

Marks

- 1- How to minimize treatment induced radiation induced cardiac toxicity in breast cancer patients? 30
- 2- Comorbidity assessment with radiotherapy in elderly cancer patients? 30
- 3- Proton therapy therapeutic ratio, the impact of dose distribution on the therapeutic ratio, potential proton therapy applications, efficacy and toxicity?
- 4- Explain in detail the role of SBRT in NSCLC?

GOOD LUCK

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