Tanta University

Emergency Medicine Master Degree

Faculty of Medicine

Number of Questions: 3

Human Anatomy& Embryology Dep.

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

15/10/2016

Total: 40 Marks



EMERGENCY MEDICINE

All questions to be answered

- **1- A. Identify** the site and surface anatomy of the Pterion and **outline** the effects of its fracture. (9 marks)
 - B. Discuss the procedure of the tracheostomy. (5 marks)
- **2-A. Discus** the formation of the portal system and **mention** the sites of porto-systemic anastomosis. (9 marks)
 - B. Mention the length and parts of the male urethra. (5 marks)
- **3- Discuss** the course and tributaries of the superficial veins of the lower limb. **Outline** the causes and manifestations of the varicose veins. (12 marks)

END OF THE EXAM

Oral Examination:

On Sunday 23/ 10/ 2016 at 10 o'clock in the Anatomy Department (Second floor)

WITH MY BEST WISHES

Chairman of Department: Prof. Dr. Mona Zoair

Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Emergency Medicine &
Traumatology Department
Date19/10/2016

Exam: Master degree(2nd part)
Paper 3
No. of Question: 7
Times Allowed: 3 hours
Total marks: 170



*Orthopedic surgery:	
1- Diagnosis of compartment syndrome?	(15)
2-Mention the first aid of knee dislocation?	(15)
*Cardiothoracic surgery: 1-Discus the clinical picture & management of patient with stab wound in the right 7 th i midaxillary line?	intercostal space (30)
*Ophthalmology:	
1-Discus management of ocular chemical trauma?	(15)
*E.N.T Surgery:	
1-As an ER physician, what's your role in dealing with a patient with severe epistaxis?	(15)
*Obstetrics & Gynecology:	
1- Discus obstetric shock?	(15)
2-Discus the chronic pelvic Gynecological pain?	(15)
*Neurosurgery:	
1-Discus I.C.U management of S.A.H?	(20)
*Urological Surgery:	
1- What is the differential diagnosis of right renal colic?	(15)

All questions should be answered!!

2-what is the management of blunt bladder trauma?

Good luck!!

(15)

Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Emergency Medicine &
Traumatology Department
Date10/10/2016

Exam: Master degree(2nd part)
Paper 1
No. of Question:5
Times Allowed: 3 hours
Total marks: 140



*Anesthesia & Critical care:

1-Female patient 48 years with pancreatitis, urinary tract infection, urine culture revealed e-coli, glucose 500 mg/dl, Na 103 mmol/L, K 3.1 mmol/L, Cl 90 mmol/L, pH 6.9, HCO3 4.3meq/L, PCO2 20.9mmHg, PaO2 117mmHg, O2 sat 93.3%.

20.9mmHg , PaO2 117mmHg , O2 sat 93.3%.		
A. Mention type of base disturbance exist in this patient & its management?B. Mention type of hyponatremia in this patient & how to confirm?C. Describe the management plane of this patient according to priorities?	(5) (5) (5)	
$\bf 2\textsc{-Male}$ patient , 28 years admitted to ER after RTA , CT brain showed , fracture base of skull , CSF leak from nose , brain edema & frontal lobe contusion , glascow coma scale 7, ABP 80/40 mmHg , HR 130 b/min .		
A. Outline the steps of patient management in ER?B. How to prevent the secondary brain injury in this patient?C. Mention grades of high intracranial pressure & its management?	(5) (5) (5)	
*Cardiovascular emergencies:		
1- What is the Differential Diagnose of acute chest pain?	(15)	
2- what is the First aid in sever tachy-arrhythmias?	(15)	
*Internal medicine emergencies:		
1-Enumerate causes of:	(10)	
	(10)	
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy	(10)	
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy C. Jaundice		
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy C. Jaundice 2-Clarify general lines of treatment of coma?		
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy C. Jaundice 2-Clarify general lines of treatment of coma? *Neuropsychiatric emergencies:	(10)	
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy C. Jaundice 2-Clarify general lines of treatment of coma? *Neuropsychiatric emergencies: 1- What is the Management of acute ischemic stroke patients in ER?	(10)	
1-Enumerate causes of: A. Upper GIT bleeding B. Hepatic Encephalopathy C. Jaundice 2-Clarify general lines of treatment of coma? *Neuropsychiatric emergencies: 1- What is the Management of acute ischemic stroke patients in ER? 2- What is the clinical manifestations & differential diagnosis of Delirium and	(10)	

All questions should be answered!!

Good luck!!



Tanta University

Faculty of Medicine

MSc Emergency Medicine (Exam)

15/10/2016, Time (60 min.), Marks (40 marks)

Clinical Pathology Department

Course title (Clinical Pathology).

*All questions must be answered

I) Choose the correct answer

(20 marks)

1- The reference range of the pH of arterial blood measured at 37°C is:

- a) 7.28 7.34
- b) 7.33 7.37
- c) 7.35 7.45
- d) 7.45 7.50

2- The following mechanisms are responsible for metabolic acidosis except:

- a) Excessive loss of unbuffered hydrogen
- b) Excessive production of organic acids
- c) Excessive loss of HCO3
- d) Reduced excretion of acids

3- Activated PTT is prolonged in:

- a) Factor VII deficiency
- b) Factor VIII deficiency
- c) Blood vessels diseases
- d) Oral anticoagulant therapy

4- Pancytopenia can result from:

- a) Iron deficiency anemia
- b) Megaloblastic anemia
- c) Chronic myeloid leukemia
- d) Hemophilia A

All of the following can cause macrocytic anemia except:

- a) Liver diseases
- b) Megaloblatic anemia
- c) Thalassemias
- d) Acute hemolytic anemia
- 6- Heparin anticoagulant therapy is best monitored by:
 - a) Prothrombin time (PT)
 - b) Activated partial thromboplastin time (PTT)
 - c) Bleeding time (BT)
 - d) Thrombin time (TT)
- 7- Which of the following conditions is associated with increased serum total CK activity:
 - a) Hyperthyroidism
 - b) Parkinsonism
 - c) Poliomyelitis
 - d) Progressive muscle dystrophy
- 8- Hypocalcemia occurs in cases of:
 - a) Acute pancreatitis
 - b) Sarcoidosis
 - c) Hyperparathyroidism
 - d) Multiple myeloma
- 9- Septicemia is a severe life threatening condition in which:
 - a) Bacteria are present in blood
 - b) Bacteria are multiplying and produce toxins in the blood
 - c) Circulating endotoxins are present in the blood
 - d) Non of the above
- 10- A patient is oliguric when his urine volume is less than:
 - a) 1000 ml/24 hours
 - b) 700 ml/24 hours
 - c) 400 ml/24 hours
 - d) 100 ml/24 hours

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Exam: Master degree(2nd part)
Paper 2
No. of Question:8
Times Allowed: 3 hours
Total marks: 140



*General ,Pediatric ,& Vascular Surgery:

1-What is the initial assessment & resuscitation of trauma patients?	(15)
2-What is the management of a septic wound?	(15)
3-Discuss neonatal respiratory distress?	(20)
4- What is the diagnosis & management of arterial injuries?	(20)
5-How to manage the complications of varicose vein?	(20)
6- What is the Differential diagnosis & treatment of the unilateral lower limb	
swelling?	(20)

*Plastic surgery:

1-What are the different types of burn injuries according to etiology & how to suspect inhalation burn? (15)
2-30 years old female, 60 Kg weight, with 2nd degree flame burn in both lower limbs: Discuss management of such case? (15)

All questions should be answered

Good luck!!