

Department:

Structural Engineering

Lecturer

Dr. Emad Elbeltagi

Course

Construction Project Management

Course Code:

08315

Total Marks:

110

Class

3rd Civil

Date

13 Jan 2013

Time allowed:

3 hours

Final Exam

Question 1: (32 Marks)

Table 1 gives the activities involved in a small contract and their weekly resource usage.

Table 1

Activity	Depends on	Duration	Resources
A	J, B, E	4	6
В	-	4	5
C	D	4	4
D		4	3
E	-	3	3
F	С	3	2
G	H, I	4	3
Н	C	4	5
I	F	5	3
J	Н	4	4
K	I, J, F	5	2
L	G, D	3	4
M	K	6	5
N	B, A	2	1

- a. Determine the activities' timing (اوقات الأنشطة) and the project completion time. Calculate activities' free and total floats and mark the critical path (حدد المسار الحرج). (14 marks)
- b. Determine the schedule timing of the activities so that the weekly resource usage (الإستخدام السبوعى) dose not exceed 6 units (لايزيد عن 6 وحدات) at any time period. (18 marks)

Question 2: (22 Marks)

Activity

Α	50000 LE	
В	40000	LE
С		60000 LE
D	Estapon Amon	30000 LE

Time (month)

A simplified project is shown in the above figure. The direct costs associated with the individual activities are shown above the bars. It is assumed that project indirect cost will amount to LE5,000 monthly. The contractor included a profit mark-up of LE10,000 to his bid so that the total bid price was LE210,000. The

owner retains 10% of all validated progress payments until one half of the contract value (i.e. LE105,000).					
The progress payments will be billed at the end of the month (يتم دفع المستخلصات شهريا) and the owner will					
ransfer the billed amount to the contractor's account 30 day later (يؤخر المالك دفع المستخلص لمدة شهر					
a. Draw the income, expense and net cash flow curves المصروفات، الدخل و التدفقات النقديية	,				
	13 marks)				
b. Find the highest amount of cash (أعلى قيمة نقدية) the contractor needs and the month in which th	,				
in and 10	(2 marks)				
	(7 marks)				
Question 3: (19 Marks)	44				
a. Determine whether the following statements are True () or False (X):	(7 marks)				
1. The amount of information that a project manager knows about a project increases as the	he project				
moves towards completion.					
2. Dams, bridges, and highways would be classified (یمکن تصنیفها) as commercial building	g projects				
. (مشروعات تجاریه)					
3. Contract changes are more likely to occur on a single fixed price contract than on a cost	plus a fee				
contract.					
4. The project duration represents the sum of the durations of all activities of the project.					
5. As project moves on in time (یتقدم), the ability to change the project becomes more difficult	and more				
expensive.					
6. Loading of rates (تحميل الأسعار) would be risky for the contractor if the price of an item is rec	duced and				
the quantity of this item increased during construction.					
7. Activity total float is calculated as the (Late finish – Early start – Duration)					
b. Complete the following sentences: (1 1- Construction Management concerns (تختص بـ) with controlling:, & of construc	2 marks) ction.				
2- Turn-Key projects are generally more risky (أكثر خطورة) to the					
3- Typical and well-defined (المعرفة جيدا) building projects are often constructed based on	type of				
contracts.					
4- A drawback (احد عيوب) of a "cost plus a fixed-fee" contract is that					
5- Main characteristics (الخصائص الرئيسية) of a project are:, and					
6- Construction projects are classified (تصنف based on:, and					
7. Free float is defined as					
8. Contract price (سعر العقد) = +					
9. Contracts are classified based on, and divided intocontracts &contracts	acts				
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 ∇ (12.25)

(9.50)

8.0 m

3rd Year Civil Engineering Final Exam: Jan. 2013 Time allowed: 4.0 hours

Design of Irrigation-Structures (I)

- All sketches should be clear, neat and well proportioned
- Any missing data may be reasonably assumed.

Total marks = 100 Two pages

S = 12 cm/Km

Canal cross section

QUESTION (1)

(17 marks)

At the intersection of the roadway with a canal, a rolled steel joist bridge is to be constructed of 3 vents 4.5m each span. The canal cross section is shown in the figure. The following data are available:

- No heading up
- Roadway over bridge = 6.0 m
- Moving load = 60 tons lorry.
- Intensity of uniformly distributed L.L = 400 kg/m² It is required to;

1- Design of main planks and cross girder.

(7 marks)

-6.0 m-

 $\nabla(14.50)$

- 2- Calculate the factor of safety for components of the screw pile, given P=20 t (from bridge), d = 30 cm, D = 100 cm, penetration depth = 5 m bearing capacity at ground level =1.5 Kg/cm^2 , $\gamma_s = 1.8 \text{ t/m}^3$, $\phi = 25^\circ$. F_{all} for concrete = 60 kg/cm².
- 3- Draw fully dimensioned sketches for P.H.E.R of the structure.

(6 marks)

QUESTION (2)

(18 marks)

a) State with neat sketches types of escapes and their functions.

(4 marks)

b) At the end of canal, a Tail Escape (square well) is required to be constructed to escape the excess water from the canal to a branch drain provided that the water level in the canal does not exceed 20 cm. Following data are available.

	Canal	Drain
Bed width	3.0 m	4.0 m
Bed level	(9.50) m	(6.75) m
High water level	(11.00) m	(8.75) m
Berm level	(11.30) m	(10.80) m
Bank level	(12.30) m	(12.30) m
Bank width	6.0 m	8.0 m
Side slopes	1:1	3:2
Water surface slope	10 cm / Km	9 cm / Km

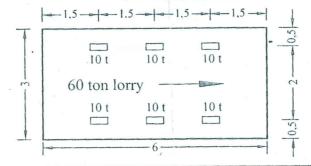
1. Give a complete design for the elements of the structure.

(Length of last reach = 3.0 Km)

(10 marks

2. Draw fully dimensioned sketches for Sectional Elevation of the structure.

(4 marks)



QUESTION (3)

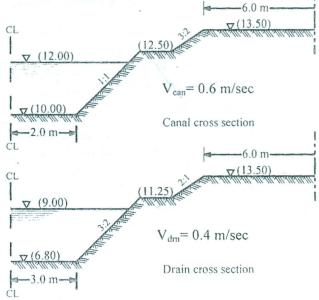
(28 marks)

- a) A straight two vent 2 x 2 m R.C syphon is to be constructed at the intersection between the given drain and canal, this syphon provided to **intermediate escape** (through the right berm only) to escape the excess water. If the escape discharge = 10% from draining discharge. It is required to;
- 1. Design the syphon hydraulically. (7 marks)
- 2. What are the cases of loading acting on the syphon, show the critical ones on the different cross sections of syphon and the affecting loads on it.

(8 marks)

3. Draw the U.S section elevation of the syphon.

(5 marks)



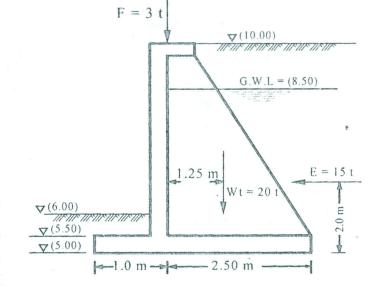
b) The alternative for the syphon in Question (3-a) is aqueduct without intermediate escape, two vent R.C box type. It is required to, design the vents (open channel hydraulic system) and determine location of supports for aqueduct part.

(8 marks)

QUESTION (4)

(20 marks)

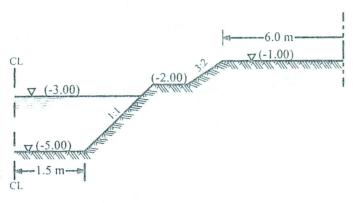
- a) Give the empirical dimensions of all elements of the Arch Bridge used net sketch. (5 marks)
- b) The given figure shows a R.C counterfort type retaining wall. The allowable bearing capacity of the soil is 1.5 Kg/cm² and sliding coefficient $\mu = 0.5$. It is required:
- Check the wall stability against sliding, overturning and stressing. (10 marks)
- 2- Show how you can design the horizontal slab and in this wall, show it's of Reinforced details. (5 marks)



QUESTION (5) (17 mark)

A R.C.bridge providing zero headingup, was proposed to pass a road 9.0m wide across a canal whose discharge is 5.0 m³/sec and the canal cross section is shown in the figure. It is required:

- 1- Choose span of the bridge, calculate the maximum bending moment for superstructure. (12 marks)
- 2- Draw sectional side view for bridge. Live loads are 600 kg/m² and 60 ton lorry. (5 marks)



With Dest Wishes Dr. Mohammed Gamal

Dr. Samy Khalaf