Master examination degree in: gynecology and obstetric

course title: OBGYN 8003

date: 25/3/2021

term: February 2021 time allowed: 3 hours

total assessment marks: 30



Questions Number	Marks
Q1- Comment about suppurative inflammation	10
Q2- Comment about uterine cervical cytology.	10
Q3- Mention about causes of vulvar tumours.	5
Q4- Write short notes about sex cord ovarian tumours.	5
NB: Time of oral exam.: Monday : 5/4/2021 11 A.M.	

Obstetrics, Gynaecology Exam First part of Master degree Number of Questions: 3 Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours

Total: 30Marks

Tanta University Faculty of Medicine Public Health Department March; 2021



All questions to be attempted 10 marks for each question

Q1: Define the followings:

10 marks

- a) Health education and mention stages of adoption of new idea or practice
- b) Demography and mention sources of demographic statistics
- c) Survey, surveillance giving an example for both from your field of work
- d) Reproductive health
- Q2: Counseling is an important part in maternal health services 10 marks
 - a) Define counseling
 - b) Active listing is an important in performing counselling; what is active listing and its main key elements
 - c) A women visiting your clinic after 42 days of delivery with CS:
 - what are different types of family planning method that can be used for her and why
 - By using the steps of counseling, design a family planning counseling session for her
- Q3: If you want to study the high risk pregnancy among pregnant women in a rural area
- a) Define high risk pregnancy and Enlist common causes in this condition according to their seriousness
 - b) **Define screening** and Enumerate advantages and disadvantages of screening of diseases.
 - c) **Explain in detail** how can you carry out one of study designs that could be used in this condition?

قسم الميكروبيولوجيا الطبية و المناعة

MICROBIOLOGY EXAM OF MASTER OF

GYNECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS

- 1) Give an account on the definition, risk factors and microbial etiology of puerperal sepsis. (5 marks)
- 2) Discuss the clinical picture and various methods of laboratory diagnosis of bacterial vaginosis. (5 marks)
- 3) Give an account on mode of infection and methods of diagnosis of hepatitis C virus . (5 marks)
- 4) Explain why the autoclave is considered the most efficient way of sterilization . (5 marks)
- 5) Mention the non-venereal methods of transmission of *Neisseria Gonorrhea.* (5 marks)

TOTAL MARKS (25marks)

GOOD LUCK

HEAD OF THE DEPARTEMENT
Prof .DR / MOHAMED ZAKARIA HUSSEIN

Obstetrics, Gynaecology Exam First part of Master degree Number of Questions: 3 Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Public Health Department
March; 2021



Total: 30Marks

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Department of physiology

Time allowed: Three hours

Total marks: 30

Physiology

MSC of Gynecology and Obstetric

Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Code: OBST

Date: 30/3/2021

All the questions must be answered:

- 1- Discuss: Physiological changes occurring during pregnancy. (10 marks)
- 2- Mention: Control of prolactin secretion. (5marks)

All the following must be answered by only one choice (15 marks)

- 1- Edema is increased by:
- a. Decrease blood volume.
- b. Increase osmotic pressure of plasma protein.
- c. Increase capillary hydrostatic pressure.
- d. Decrease capillary hydrostatic pressure.
- 2- Peripheral chemoreceptors are mainly stimulated by:
- a. Alkalosis.

c. Decrease arterial pO₂.

b. Increase arterial pO_2 .

- d. Increase arterial blood pressure.
- 3- Obstructive lung disease could induce:
- a. Metabolic acidosis.

c. Respiratory acidosis.

b. Metabolic alkalosis.

- d. Respiratory alkalosis.
- 4- Intrinsic mechanism of blood coagulation start by activation of factor:
- a. VIII.
- b. X.
- c. XII.
- d. III.
- 5- Aldosterone could decrease blood level of:
- a. Sodium.

c. Calcium.

b. Potassium.

- d. Glucose.
- 6- Stimulation of beta 1 adrenergic receptors could induce:
- a. Decrease heart rate.

c. Miosis.

b. Increase heart rate.

- d. Bronchoconstriction.
- 7- Irreversible shock induce:
 - a. Increase sympathetic activity.
- c. Increase cardiac output.
- b. Increase capillary permeability.
- d. Decrease capillary permeability.

Look to back



Tanta Faculty of Medicine Department of General Surgery

Master of Urology (لائحة 2013)

General Surgery Examination - February 2021

Time: 3 hours Total marks: 60

All questions should be answered

1-Clinical picture of hypovolemic shock? (20 marks)

2-Causes & clinical picture of generalized septic peritonitis? (20 marks)

3-Differential diagnosis of inguinoscrotal swelling? (20 marks)

Good Luck

الإمتحان الشفوى والإكلينيكي بقسم الجراحة العامة بالمستشفى التعليمي الفرنساوى الدور السابع يوم الأحد ٨ مارس الساعة الثامنة صباحا

Obstetrics, Gynaecology Exam First part of diploma degree Number of Questions: 3

Number of Questions: 3
Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours

Total: 30Marks

Tanta University Faculty of Medicine Public Health Department March; 2021



All questions to be attempted 10 marks for each question

Q1: Define the followings:

10 marks

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جامعة طنطا - كلية الطب

قسم الميكروبيولوجيا الطبية و المناعة

MICROBIOLOGY EXAM OF DIPLOMA OF

GYNECOLOGY & OBSTETRICS

- 1) Discuss the clinical picture and various methods of laboratory diagnosis of bacterial vaginosis. (5 marks)
- 2) Mention the non-venereal methods of transmission of *Neisseria*Gonorrhea. (5 marks)
- 3) Explain why the autoclave is considered the most efficient way of sterilization . (5 marks)
- 4) Give an account on mode of infection and methods of diagnosis of cytomegalo virus . (5 marks)
- 5) Give an account on the risk factors and microbial etiology of pelvic inflammatory disease . (5 marks)

TOTAL MARKS (25 marks)

GOOD LUCK

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Obstetrics, Gynaecology Exam First part of diploma degree Number of Questions: 3 Time Allowed: 1.5 Hours Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Public Health Department
March; 2021



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