



Question (1)

20 Marks

- What are Miller indices? How they are determined? Explain with example
- Sodium chloride crystallizes in FCC structure. The density of sodium chloride is 2180kg/m^3 . If the atomic weight of sodium is 23 and that of chlorine is 35.5. Calculate
 - the effective number of atoms per unit cell.
 - the distance between adjacent sodium and chlorine atoms. ($N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{26}$ atoms/kmol)

Question (2)

20 Marks

- Explain electronic and ionic polarizability. For monatomic gas, show that electronic polarizability increases as atoms become larger
- Explain and derive Bragg's law for x-ray diffraction.

Question (3)

20 Marks

- What means by polarization of substance? Mention the different mechanisms of polarization in a dielectric
- The Bragg angle corresponding to the first order reflection from plane (111) in a crystal is 30° when x-rays of wavelength 1.75 \AA are used .Calculate the interatomic spacing.
- Explain electronic and ionic polarization of a dielectric material.

Question (4)

20 Marks

- Explain the chemical composition and crystal structure of spinel ferrite.
- What are the factors (in details) which can influence the cation distribution between the octahedral and tetrahedral sites?
- Explain the behavior of the ferromagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials and explain the occurrence of para and diamagnetic properties.

Question (5)

20 Marks

- Explain and draw the behavior of the ferromagnetic, paramagnetic, ferrimagnetic and materials in an external magnetic field on the basis of their magnetic structures.
- Explain with details the types of interactions in the ferrimagnetic materials.
- Explain the dielectric behavior of dielectrics under static electric field and define the dielectric constant.